

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/415,461	10/14/1999	RYUICHI AOKI	104526	4858
25944 7	7590 03/24/2004		EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			CALLAHAN, PAUL E	
P.O. BOX 19928 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2137	10
		DATE MAILED: 03/24/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	09/415,461	AOKI, RYUICHI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Paul E. Callahan	2137				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realized to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day, will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>29 December 2003</u> .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> ; 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-3 and 5-29 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3 and 5-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on 14 October 1999 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attack-mont/s)	•					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Neterences Cited (PTO-032) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Claims 1-13 were pending in this application at the time of the mailing of the previous

Office Action. Claim 4 has been cancelled and new claims 14-29 have been added by the latest

amendment filed 12-29-2003. Claims 1-3 and 5-29 have been examined.

Response to Arguments

2. The applicant argues in traverse of the rejections of claims 5-11 under 35 USC 112 2nd

paragraph that the Examiner is mistaken in believing that the key depository is located on the

server. The Examiner respectfully counters that such is not made clear in the language of the

claim nor do any of the figures illustrate a depository that is separate from the client or server.

The claims are rejected under 35 USC 2nd indefiniteness because the arrangement of elements in

the apparatus is not clearly illustrated in the drawing figures and is not clearly defined by the

claim language.

3. The Applicant argues in traverse of the rejections of claims 1-4, 12, and 13 under 35 USC

102b) as being clearly anticipated by Fischer '972. The Applicant argues that the claims may be

distinguished from the teachings of Fischer since: "the escrow information record is not created

or encrypted during the retrieval phase." Yet such a step is not found in the language of the

claims. The applicant argues that the escrow information presented by the applicant of Fischer

Application/Control Number: 09/415,461 Page 3

Art Unit: 2137

must contain: "credentials such as an affidavit..." yet Fischer teaches a more simple protocol in col. 1 lines 44-67 where such information is not required.

The Applicant argues, "Fischer does not disclose or suggest acquiring recovery information decrypted by a private key of the requestor." Yet such is not taught in the claims. Instead, the escrowed information is encrypted under the servers public key, as is taught by Fischer in col. 1 lines 44-67.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1, 12, 13, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The language of claim 5 is directed towards a client-server model. It is unclear from the language of the claims whether the applicant contemplates the depositories as discrete entities or as resident storage areas or modules on the server that communicates with another recovery module on the server via public key encryption. The remaining claims are dependent on claims 1, 12, 13, and 15 respectively and are thereby rejected on the same basis as those claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

Art Unit: 2137

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

7. Claims 1—3, 5, 7, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, and 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Fischer (US 5,436,972).

As per claims 1, 5, 12, 15, and 16, Fischer teaches an encryption key depositing apparatus (Abstract) comprising: a unit that generates an encryption key for a user (col. 1 lines 20-30); and a unit that starts a process in response to the generation of said encryption key (col. 5 lines 24-30, col. 6 lines 25-45), said process allowing a depositary deposited with said generated encryption key to store said key in a subsequently recoverable manner (col. 6 lines 25-45), a server and a plurality of clients (abstract), wherein recovery information useable to recover said encryption key is encrypted by the public key of the depository and retained in the server (col. 1 lines 44-67), wherein said server, in response to said recovery request from the depository sends to said depository said recovery information encrypted by said public key of said depository, and acquires from said depository said recovery information decrypted by a private key of said depository and then encrypted by a public key of said server (col. 1 lines 44-67, fig. 5 items 1050, 1060, fig. 1).

As per claim 2, Fischer does not explicitly teach the encryption key depositing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said encryption key is a private key of a public key cryptosystem, however Fischer does contemplate the user having a public / private key pair (claim 6), and

Application/Control Number: 09/415,461

Art Unit: 2137

contemplates the escrow of all types of secret data (col. 2 lines 24-36). Therefore it is clear that Fischer does contemplate escrow of a user's private key of a public / private key pair.

As per claim 3, Fischer teaches the encryption key depositing apparatus according to claim 1, further having rules established as a basis for determining said depositary, said encryption key being stored in accordance with said rules (col. 3 lines 23-30).

As per claims 7 and 18, Fischer teaches a server that, in response to an encryption key recovery request from said depository encrypts said recovered encryption key using said public key of said depository and sends said encrypted recovered encryption key to said depository (col. 1 lines 44-67, fig. 5 items: 1050, 1060).

As per claims 13 and 23-26, the claims represents a computer program product causing an apparatus to carry out the method of claims 1-3, 5, and 7 and are therefore rejected on the same basis as those claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 09/415,461 Page 6

Art Unit: 2137

9. Claims 6, 8, 17, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischer as applied to claim 1 above, and Official Notice taken as detailed below. Fischer does not teach a server log of recovery requests. However it is a step that is old and well known in the art of key escrow for such a log to be kept. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate this feature into the system of Fischer. It would have been desirable to do so as an added precaution to thwart unauthorized recovery request. Such is taught as a motive to make the combination by Fischer at col. 2 lines 1-7.

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 9-11, 14, 20-22, 27-29 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

Application/Control Number: 09/415,461

Art Unit: 2137

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the 12.

examiner should be directed to Paul E. Callahan whose telephone number is (703) 305-1336.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 9 to 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Greg Morse, can be reached on (703) 308-4789. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is: (703) 872-9306. Any inquiry of

a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to

the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

3/18/04 Paul Callahan

Page 7

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100